Workshop E5

(Complementary and) Integrative Medicine: Effective Herbal Therapies and other Approaches to Primary Care Problems

Primary Care Internal Medicine

21 October 2015 4:00-5:10 PM

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Disclosure

I have no financial relationship with a commercial entity producing healthcare-related services

Donald B. Levy, M.D.

Integrative Medicine

A.K.A.

Holistic

Alternative

Complementary

Complementary and Alternative (CAM)

Complementary and Integrative (NCCIH)*

*National Center for Complementary and Integrative Health

What is Modern Integrative Medicine?

.....health care with an attitude of mind that seeks preferentially those therapies or therapeutic lifestyle changes (TLC) that enhance one's innate ability to recover from illness and maintain good health.

(An incremental change in the approach and scope of Primary Care Medicine)

Integrative Medicine

- No single healing paradigm or tradition
- Roots in Western, Asian, naturopathic, manual, functional, nutritional and behavioral medicine.
- Always guided and informed by scientific evidence and research

Today's **Prepared Agenda**:

An Introduction to Integrative Medicine with a focus on the Rational Use of Dietary Supplements

1. A Rational Approach

- Long Latency vs. Short Latency deficiency syndromes
- Determining an Optimal dose —i.e. Vitamin D
- Case #1--Daily Multivitamins –helpful or harmful?
- Finding high quality supplements
- The herbal "Entourage Effect"
- 2. Useful Supplements for several common conditions
 - Case #2--Hyperlipidemia
 - Case #3--Hypertension
 - Case #4--URI's/ Influenza: "I always get sick"
 - Case #5--URI's/ Influenza: "What can I take?"
 - Case #6—"I am tired, burned-out...stressed and depressed"

Dietary Supplements:

Prevalence of Use in the United States

2003-2006: > **50%** of **Adults**

> 32% of Children

1988-1994: **40%** of **Adults**

Gahche J. et, al. **Dietary supplement use among U.S. adults has increased since NHANES III** (1988-1994). NCHS data brief, no.61. Hyattsville, MD: National Center for Health Statistics. 2011

Picciano et al. Dietary supplement use among infants, children and adolescents in the United States, 1999-2002; Arch Pediatr Adolesc Med. 2007:161(10): 978-985

Three Rational Uses of Dietary Supplements

- 1. Prevent or treat an acute (Short Latency) deficiency condition
- 2. Prevent or treat a chronic (Long Latency) deficiency condition
- 3. Treat an acute or chronic disease

("Green Pharmacy")

For another day:

- 4. Provide For Optimal Health (very complex)
- **5. Avoid toxicity** or interference with current medical therapy

Preventing or treating an Acute Deficiency or Short Latency Syndrome

May **1941**—NAS Subcommittee established **RDA's** to prevent acute deficiency syndromes in the general population. i.e. Take daily to prevent:

- Scurvy Vitamin C —75-90 mg
- Rickets Vitamin D— 600 IU
- Pellagra Vitamin B3 (Niacin) —16 mg
- Berberi Vitamin B1 (Thiamin) —1.2 mg

However: What is the optimal life-long dose of these vitamins?

Preventing or treating a Chronic Disease or Long Latency Syndrome

There is suggestive evidence that specific vitamins, minerals or other supplements may *prevent*, *delay* or *ameliorate*:

- Osteoporosis
- Osteoarthritis
- Coronary Heart Disease
- Depression
- Hypertension
- Multiple Sclerosis
- Alzheimer's Disease
- Prostate Cancer
- Complications of Pregnancy

Fairfield KM, Fletcher RH. Vitamins for chronic disease prevention in adults: scientific review. JAMA. 2002 19;287(23):3116-26. Review

Holick MF. Vitamin D deficiency. NEJM. 2007;357(3):266-81. Review

Can We Really Prevent or Treat a Chronic Disease with a Micronutrient?

If so, how do we investigate

Long Latency Hypotheses

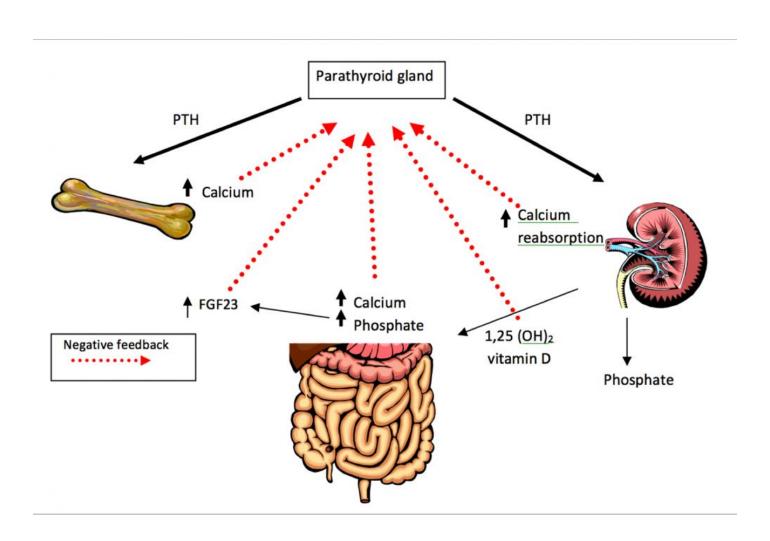
Without VERY LARGE, 10-30 Year Studies?

Hypothesis: Osteoporosis is Partially Due to a Long latency Vitamin D Deficiency Syndrome

Osteoporosis and Vitamin D Insufficiency:

- Increased risk of falls
- Increased risk of vertebral and non-vertebral fractures
- Muscle weakness

Look at physiologic feedback loops to determine what levels exist when there is optimal homoeostatic balance



Optimal Daily Dose of Vitamin D for Bone Health is likely When We See:

- ✓ Maximal Calcium Absorption and Transport
- ✓ Lowest Parathyroid Hormone (PTH) level
- ✓ Greatest Muscle Strength
- **✓ Greatest Bone Density**

All of the Above are Achieved When:

Serum 25 (OH) D= Approx. 32 ng/mL* (80nmol/L)

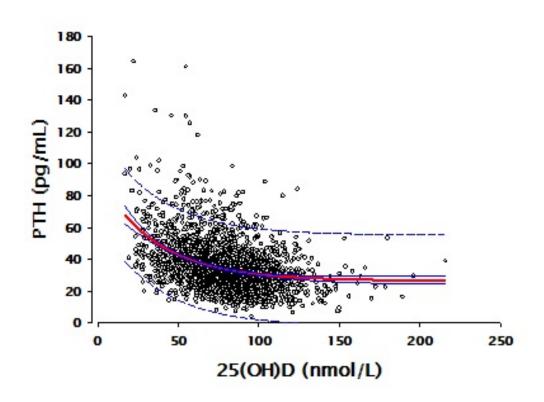
Ballpark optimal dose for bone hoeostasis is whatever it takes to achieve that level.

Holick MF. Vitamin D deficiency. NEJM. 2007;357(3):266-81. Review.

* Notes:

- I.O.M. Report says data more consistent with level of ~20 ng/mL
- In sunny countries 25 (OH) D levels = 54-90 ng/mL)

PTH levels fall and level off as 25(OH) D levels rise



Rational Use of Vitamin D

Order a 25(OH) D Level
Aim for level > 32 ng/mL
(80nmol/L)

For many: every **1,000 IU** of **D3 daily** raises 25(OH) D level *approx*. **10 ng/mL**

case # 1: **Daily** Multivitamin/Multimineral? (MVMM)

- "I Try to eat well...very busy...not always time to prepare a good meal..."
- ".... just for insurance?"
- "but they say on the news there may be danger:

Fortmann SP et. al. Vitamin and mineral supplements in the primary prevention of cardiovascular disease and cancer: an updated systematic evidence review for the U.S. preventive services task force. *Ann Intern Med* 2013; 159(12):824-838

Multivitamins According to the Media

(Re: Fortmann SP et. al. Ann Intern Med, Dec 2013)

•	Vitamins Lack Clear Health Benefits, May Pose Risks	Forbes
•	Studies suggest vitamins provide no health benefits	Fox Business News
•	How do Americans waste \$28 billion a year? On vitamins	TIME
•	Docs Say Stop Taking Multivitamins	Associated Press
•	Do vitamins block disease? Some disappointing news	CBS Nightly News
•	Vitamins, mineral supplements deemed waste of money	CNN
•	Multivitamins don't hold any health benefit, experts say	Reuters
•	Multivitamins not tied to memory or heart benefits	The New York Times
•	Dr. Nancy: Forget multi-vitamins, just eat good food	USA Today
•	Medical journal: 'Case closed' against vitamin pills	Wall Street Journal

WebMD

Multivitamins found to have little benefit

Multivitamin-Multimineral (MVMM) Some literature worth reading

- Fortmann SP et. al. Vitamin and mineral supplements in the primary prevention of cardiovascular disease and cancer: an updated systematic evidence review for the U.S. preventive services task force.

 Ann Intern Med 2013; 159(12):824-838
- Macpherson H et.al. Multivitamin-multimineral supplementation and mortality: a meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. Am J Clin Nutr 2013;97:437-44.
 - Editorial comment: Chang SM. Should meta-analyses trump observational studies? Am J Clin Nutr 2013;97: 237-8.
- Coates PM, Dwyer JT and Thurn AL. Introduction to state-of-the-science conference: multivitamin/mineral supplements and chronic disease prevention. Am J Clin Nutr 2007;85 (suppl):255S-6S.
- Ames BN, McCann JC, Stampfer MJ and Willett WC. Evidence-based decision making on micronutrients and chronic disease: long-term randomized controlled trials are not enough. Am J Clin Nutr. 2007;86:522-5.
- Horrobin D. Why do we not make more medical use of nutrition knowledge? How an inadvertent alliance between reductionist scientists, holistic dietitians and drug-oriented regulators and government has blocked progress. Brit J of Nutr. 2003;90:233-38
- Fairfield KM, Fletcher RH. Vitamins for chronic disease prevention in adults: scientific review. JAMA. 2002; 287(23):3116-26. Review
- Willett WC and Stampfer MJ. What vitamins should I be taking, doctor? NEJM. 2001;345(25): 1819-24

Nutrition experts are almost unanimous in suggesting:

The best path is to eat a fully balanced **diet** of high quality foods to obtain all the essential micronutrients

Many also admit:

In practice this is *nearly impossible to achieve*

Consensus of an Expert Panel Regarding Taking a MVMM

"Present evidence is insufficient to recommend either for or against ...to prevent chronic disease..."

.....the totality of scientific trials show that there is "no evidence of any safety issues or harm" from taking daily MVMMs.

Dissenting Experts:

"Certain vulnerable populations
who likely do not get
all the essential micronutrients from diet should
definitely be advised to take a
MVMM."

Vulnerable Populations

- Elderly
- Poor Urban-dwelling
- Pregnant or might become
- Vegans
- Drinking > 2 alcoholic beverages daily
- Hospitalized
- Mentally ill

One "dissenting expert" worth reading:

Bruce Ames, Ph.D*



"Evidence is accumulating that a multivitamin/mineral supplement is good **insurance**, and would markedly improve health e.g., heart disease, cancer, immune function and cataracts...particularly for those with inadequate diets such as many of the poor, young, obese and elderly, who need improvement the most."

Ames BN. A role for supplements in optimizing health: the metabolic tune-up. Arch Biochem Biophys. 2004;423(1):227-34. Review.

^{*} Prof. Emeritus of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, University of California, Berkeley

One Rational Daily Regimen for Adults

- Multivitamin/Multimineral: moderate doses— 100%--200% of DRI
- Vitamin D3: 1,000 units daily —or titrated to serum 25(OH) Vit D level >32 ng/mL
- (Omega-3 Fish Oil): 1,000-2,000 mg. —especially if no fish in the diet
- (Micronutrients tailored to Age, Gender, FH): Ca+, B12, Probiotic, Lutein, Mg+ etc..

What About *Quality?*

Quality, purity, potency and bioavailability vary tremendously!

 Some formulations may be more physiologic than others (Folate vs. methyltetrahydrofolate)

Cost does not always reflect quality

A **Start:** Look for these Product Seals







- Confirm the identity and quantity of some of the ingredients declared on the label
- Confirm product is free of selected contaminants and undeclared ingredients
- Demonstrate conformance to industry GMPs
- On-going monitoring

One Independent Distributor's *Quality Program*

www.emersonecologics.com



Some of the Quality Supplement Brands That are Available Through Retail Outlets*

Enzymatic Therapy
Gaia Herbs
Nature's Way
NOW Vitamins
Nordic Naturals (for fish oils, Omega-3 fatty acids)

Cost: Look on-line; i.e. www.vitacost.com

^{*}Some of the highest quality brands of dietary supplements are available only through health care professionals.

Rational Use of Dietary Supplements for some Common Conditions in Primary Care

Case # 2: Hyperlipidemia

Case #3: Hypertension

Case #4-5: Upper Respiratory Infections

Case #6: "Burned-out/ Stressed-out"

Case # 2a: Hyperlipidemia—Statin intolerant

but patient really needs this medication and willing to try

Consider:

- ☑ Vitamin D—if deficient
- **☑** Red Yeast Rice (see 1b)

☒ Coenzyme Q10? —Current evidence suggests *no benefit for statin-induced myalgias*

2a. Hyperlipidemia—Statin intolerant: Vitamin D Supplementation

- Check 25(OH) D level
- Supplement if level below 32 ng/mL (80 nMol)
- → Michalska-Kasiczak M, et. al. Analysis of vitamin D levels in patients with and without statin-associated myalgia A systematic review and meta-analysis of 7 studies with 2420 patients. Int J Cardiol. 2014;178C:111-116
- Waqas A et. al. Low serum 25(OH) vitamin D levels (<32 ng/mL) are associated with reversible myositis-myalgia in statin-treated patients. Translational Res 2009;153:11-16.
- Lee, P et. al. Vitamin D insufficiency--a novel mechanism of statin-induced myalgias? Clin Endocrinology 2009.71;151-156

2a. Hyperlipidemia— Statin intolerant Co-Enzyme Q10?

Safe, nutritionally reasonable, <u>but</u> latest trials speak against significant benefit for statin-induced myalgias

- → Taylor BA et. al. A randomized trial of coenzymeQ10 in patients with confirmed statin myopathy. Atherosclerosis. 2015 Feb;238(2):329-35. (Epub ahead of print)
- → Banach M et. al. Effects of coenzyme Q10 on statin-induced myopathy: a meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. Mayo Clin Proc. 2015 Jan;90(1): 24-34

Caso G et. Al. Effect of coenzyme q10 on myopathic symptoms in patients treated with statins. Am J Cardiol 2007;99(10): 1409-12

Marcoff L, Thompson PD. The role of coenzyme Q10 in statin-associated myopathy: a systematic review. J Am Coll Cardiol. 2007;49(23): 2231-7

Case # 2b: **Hyperlipidemia**— "No statin please!" The individual who *cannot* or *will not* take a statin

- ✓ Therapeutic Lifestyle Changes--especially Diet-Classic Mediterranean (Lyon Diet Heart Study) + Soluble Fiber (Psyllium, oat, flaxseed) + nuts
- **☑** Plant Stanols and sterols
- **☑** Red Yeast Rice
- **☑** Nuts
- ☑ Niacin --still benefit if not already on a statin (Coronary Drug Project—1980's))
- ☐ Theaflavin-enriched Green Tea Extract (1 RCT)
- **☒** Policosanol
- **☒** Guggulipid (Both unlikely to be helpful based on good studies)

Hyperlipidemia: Plant Stanols and Sterols

(Present in Western diet in small amounts--250-500 mg/d)

- Can lower LDL cholesterol by 10-14% in doses of 2,000-3,000 mg /daily
- Well tolerated; does not affect serum levels of fatsoluble vitamins

Amir Shaghaghi M. Cholesterol-lowering efficacy of plant sterols/stanols provided in capsule and tablet formats: results of a ststematic review and meta-analysis. J Acad Nutr Diet.2013;113(11): 1494-503

Talati R et. al. The comparative efficacy of plant sterols and stanols on serum lipids: a systematic review and meta-analysis. J Am Diet Assoc.2010;110(5):719-26

Katan MB, Grundy SM, et. al. Efficacy and safety of plant stanols and sterols in the management of blood cholesterol levels. Mayo Clin Proc. 2003;78(8):965-78. Review.

Hyperlipidemia: Plant Stanols and Sterols

Note: 450 mg. per cap. (Need 5 daily not 4)



Hyperlipidemia: Red Yeast Rice

Dietary staple in some countries and used for 13 centuries in China--contains plant sterols, isoflavones and naturally occurring statins (monacolins)

- Trials using a dose of 2.4 --3.6 grams daily lasting at least 6 months have shown it to be well tolerated even in patients who had previously been statin- intolerant
- 20-25% reductions in LDL cholesterol
- Study of almost 5,000 patients in China with previous MI;
 4.5 years; Decreased Cardiac events <u>and</u> CVD mortality
- Must be high quality product to avoid contaminant (citrinin)

Red Yeast Rice: Literature

- Moriarty PM. Effects of Xuezhikang in patients with dyslipidemia: a multicenter, rendomized, placebo-controlled study. J Clin Lipidol. 2014;8(6)568-75
- Li Y. A meta-analysis of red yeast rice: an effective and relatively safe alternative approach for dyslipidemia. PLoS One. 2014;9(6):e98611
- Becker DJ et. al. Phytosterols, red yeast rice, and lifestyle changes instead of statins: a randomized, double-blinded, placebo-controlled trial. Am Heart J. 2013;166(1):187-96
- Becker DJ et. al. Red yeast rice for dyslipidemia in statin-intolerant patients. Ann Intern Med. 2009;150:830-839.
- Verhoeven V et. al. Red yeast rice lowers cholesterol in physicians a double blind, placebo controlled randomized trial. BMC Complement Altern Med. 2013;13(1):178
- Lu Z et al. Effect of Xuezhikang, an extract from red yeast rice, on coronary events in a Chinese population with previous myocardial infarction. Am J Cardiol. 2008;101(12):1689-93

Hyperlipidemia: Nuts!

- Substituting a handful of almonds, walnuts, hazelnuts, pistachios and other nuts for isocaloric foods lowers cholesterol in a dose-related manner
- May Reduce the risk of CHD to a degree beyond that expected from cholesterol-lowering alone.
- May exert beneficial effects by improving endothelial function, lowering oxidative stress, lowering the risk type 2 diabetes or by?
- Nishi SK et.al. Nut Consumption, serum fatty acid profile and estimated coronary heart disease risk in type 2 diabetes. Nutr Metab Cardiovasc Dis. 2014;24(8):845-52
- Orem A et. al. Hazelnut-enriched diet improves cardiovascular risk biomarkers beyond a lipid-lowering effect in hypercholesterolemic subjects. J Clin Lipidol. 2013;7(2):123-31
- Sabate J, et. al. **Nut consumption and blood lipid levels: a pooled analysis of 25 intervention trials**. Arch Intern Med. 2010;170(9):821-7
- Gebauer SK et. al. Effects of pistachios on cardiovascular disease risk factors and potential mechanisms of action: a dose-dependent study. Am J Clin Nutr. 2008;88(3):651-9
- Zambon D Substituting walnuts for monounsaturated fat improves the serum lipid profile of hypercholesterolemic men and women. A randomized crossover trial. Ann Intern Med.2000;132(7):538-

Case # 3. Hypertension:

Non-Pharmacologic Management always begins with:

Therapeutic Lifestyle Changes

- Exercise/physical activity
- Diet: "DASH"
- ETOH

DASH Diet: Literature

- Salehi-Abargouei A et al. Effects of Dietary Approaches to Stop Hypertension (DASH)-style diet on fatal or nonfatal cardiovascular diseases--incidence: a systematic review and meta-analysis on observational prospective studies. Nutrition. 2013;29(4):611-8. Review.
- Elmer PJ et. al. PREMIER Collaborative Research Group. Effects of comprehensive lifestyle modification on diet, weight, physical fitness, and blood pressure control: 18-month results of a randomized trial. Ann Intern Med. 2006;144(7):485-95
- Sacks FM,et al. A dietary approach to prevent hypertension: a review of the Dietary Approaches to Stop Hypertension (DASH) Study. Clin Cardiol. 1999;22 (7 Suppl):III6-10

Sample (partial) handout:

Good Food Sources of Potassium

Cantaloupe

Dates

Honeydew melon

Dried Apricots

Raisins

Banana

Oranges

Avocado

Acorn/winter squash

Artichoke

Baked beans

Broccoli

Chick peas

Potato

Tomato paste/sauce

Hypertension

Beyond Medications and Diet

Mind-Body Therapies as Adjuvants:

- Mindfulness Meditation, Biofeedback, Tai Chi; Yoga; Resperate device
- Acupuncture trial

Rational Supplements:

- Magnesium citrate
- Tomato/Tomato extract
- (Coenzyme Q10)
- (Quercetin)

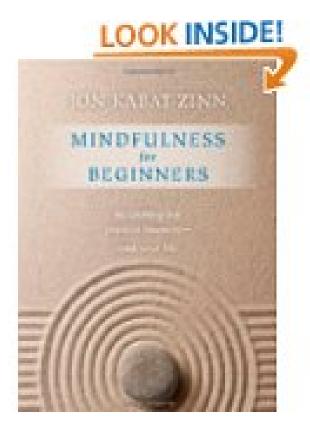
Mind-Body Techniques as Adjuvants

Varying styles/approaches = Heterogeneity of Literature; Some great responders with multiple benefits

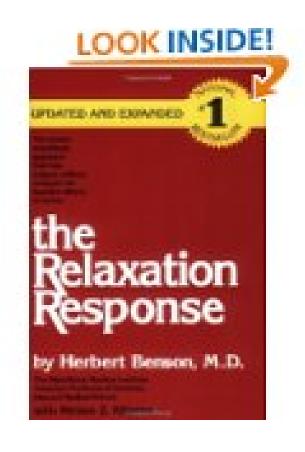
- Mindfulness Meditation; Yoga
- Biofeedback; RESPERATE TM
- Tai Chi / Qi Gong
- Bisognano et. al. Beyond Medications and Diet: Alternative Approaches to Lowering Blood. Scientific Statement From the American Heart Association Hypertension. 2013;1360-83
- Blom et al. Hypertension analysis of stress reduction using mindfulness meditation and yoga: results from the harmony randomized controlled trial. Am J Hypertens. 2014;27(1):122-9.
- de fatima Rosas Marchiori. Decrease in blood pressure and improved psychological aspects through meditation training in hypertensive older adults: a randomized control study. Geriatr Gerontol Int. 2014
- Wang J et. al. Tai chi for essential hypertension. Evid Based Complement Alternat Med. 2013:215254
- Cramer H, et. al. **A systematic review and meta-analysis of yoga for hypertension**. Am J Hypertens. **2014**; 27(9):1146-51.
- Cernes R. RESPeRATE: the role of paced breathing in hypertension treatment. J Am Soc Hypertens. 2014
- Nakao M, et. al. Blood pressure-lowering effects of biofeedback treatment in hypertension: a meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. Hypertens Res. 2003;26(1):37-46

Two Popular Types of Mindfulness Training

Jon Kabat-Zinn



Herbert Benson



Common Aspects of Mindful Awareness Practice (i.e. Meditation)

- >Intention
- Focusing the attention via some form of repetition or return to focus
- ➤ Nonjudgmental attitude toward everything experienced

Mindfulness Practice (Meditation) Alters Brain *Function*

May strengthen the ability to choose where to put attention and then to keep it there

("Protecting your mind from hijacking")

Regular Meditation also Alters Brain Structure

(A Likely result of Neuroplasticity)

Mindfulness, Tai Chi, Yoga Literature

- Bisognano et. al. **Beyond Medications and Diet: Alternative Approaches to Lowering Blood. Scientific Statement From the American Heart Association** Hypertension. **2013**;1360-83
- Blom et al. Hypertension analysis of stress reduction using mindfulness meditation and yoga: results from the harmony randomized controlled trial. Am J Hypertens. 2014;27(1):122-9.
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- Cramer H, et. al. **A systematic review and meta-analysis of yoga for hypertension**. Am J Hypertens. **2014**; 27(9):1146-51.
- Cernes R. **RESPeRATE: the role of paced breathing in hypertension treatment**. J Am Soc Hypertens. **2014**
- Nakao M, et. al. Blood pressure-lowering effects of biofeedback treatment in hypertension: a metaanalysis of randomized controlled trials. Hypertens Res. 2003;26(1):37-46
- Wayne, Peter. *Harvard Medical School Guide to Tai Chi*. 2013; Shambala Publications
- Wang J et. al. Tai chi for essential hypertension. Evid Based Complement Alternat Med. 2013:215254
- Wang F. et. al. The effects of tai chi on depression, anxiety, and psychological well-being: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Int J Behav Med. 2013
- Esch T. et. al. Mind/body techniques for physiological and psychological stress reduction: stress management via Tai Chi training a pilot study. Med Sci Monit. 2007;13(11):CR488-497

Mindfulness and Breathing *RESPeRATE* TM Device





RESPERATE in Use

Guided paced breathing: (1) monitoring breathing movements, (2) composing breathing—guiding tones, and (3) synchronizing breathing

From: Cernes. J Am Soc Hypertens 2014;S1933-1711(14) 00834-1

Magnesium

- Magnesium Citrate or glycinate well absorbed
- Often a good adjunct to ongoing care
- Dose: 400-600 mg; May take 6 weeks to show effect
- Afsar B. The relationship between magnesium and ambulatory blood pressure, augmentation index, pulse wave velocity, total peripheral resistance, and cardiac output in essential hypertension patients. J Am Soc Hypertens. 2014;8(1):28-35
- Kolte D. Role of magnesium in cardiovascular diseases. Cardiol Rev. 2014;22(4):182-92
- Rodriquez-M M.. Arch Med Res. 2014;45(5):388-93**Oral magnesium supplementation improves the** metabolic profile of metabolically obese, normal-weight individuals: a randomized double-blind placebo-controlled trial
- Rosanoff A. Oral magnesium supplements decrease high blood pressure (SBP>155 mmHg) in hypertensive subjects on anti-hypertensive medications: a targeted meta-analysis. Magnes Res. 2013;26(3):93-9
- Bo S Role of dietary magnesium in cardiovascular disease prevention, insulin sensitivity and diabetes. Curr Opin Lipidol. 2008;19(1):50-6.

Magnesium: "Side effects"

Depends on dose and formulation

Magnesium Citrate 2 caps = 500 mg



Magnesium Citrate *Laxative*1 bottle = 17,450 mg



Tomato Extract

- Lycopene content: 15-20 mg daily
- Is it the **Lycopene** or the **whole extract**?

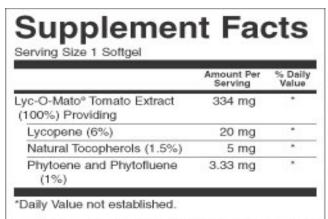
Paran E. et. al. **The effects of natural antioxidants from tomato extract in treated but uncontrolled hypertensive patients.** Cardiovasc Drugs Ther. 2009;23(2):145-51

Engelhard YN et al. Natural antioxidants from tomato extract reduce blood pressure in patients with grade-1 hypertension: a double-blind, placebocontrolled pilot study. Am Heart J. 2006;151(1):100

Tomato Extract: *Lyc-O-MatoTM*

Is it the Lycopene or the whole extract? ("Entourage effect")





Other ingredients: Soybean oil, gelatin, glycerin, purified water, beeswax, carob.

Suggested use: As a dietary supplement, take one softgel per day with water and food.



Lyc-O-Mato[®] is a registered trademark of LycoRed Natural Products Industries Ltd.



Pharmaceutical vs. Herbal remedies

Are herbal remedies simply "messy" drugs?

Pharmaceuticals

- Usually have 1 or 2 chemical compounds: isolated, identified, measured
- Impurities or less active ingredients removed

Herbal extracts

- Contain numerous chemical compounds
- Not all identified, isolated, measured

For example: A current scientific /social dilemma: Medical Marijuana (Cannabis sativa)

Plant composition:

- 1. THC— Tetrahydrocanabinol
- 2. CBD— Cannabidiol
- 3. CBG—Cannabigerol
- 4. CBN—Cannabinol
- 5. CBC—Cannabichromene
- 6. THCV—Tetrahydrocannabivarin

+ 66 other Cannabinoids

+ Terpenoids, Amino acids, Proteins, Sugars, Enzymes, Fatty acids, Esters, Flavonoids.....

The "Entourage Effect"

The synergistic interaction of numerous chemical constituents

- **1. THC** considered the "Psychoactive ingredient" but...
- 2. CBD (cannabidiol) modifies the effects of THC
- Blocks anxiety caused by THC
- High CBD= less psychotic experiences
- Attenuates memory impairment
- (Potent anti-inflammatory)

"Attempts to isolate the active principles from plant extracts may be ultimately self-defeating"

- "The presence of several psychoactive compounds in one plant may have a 'synergistic' effect...
- The 'silver bullet' concept adopted by orthodox
 Western medicine for the drug discovery over the past 100
 years, is now increasingly viewed as inadequate in
 many clinical situations..."

From: Sarris J et. al. Herbal medicine for depression, anxiety and insomnia: a review of psychopharmacology and clinical evidence.

Eur Neuropsychopharmacol. 2011;21:841-860

Update: Hypertension and Vitamin D

LATEST LITERATURE: No benefit in supplementing Vitamin D deficiency in Hypertension

- ☑ Scragg R, Long-term high-dose vitamin D3 supplementation and blood pressure in healthy adults: a randomized controlled trial. Hypertension.2014;64(4):725-30.
- ☑ Arora P, et. al. Vitamin D Therapy in Individuals With Prehypertension or Hypertension: The DAYLIGHT Trial. Circulation. 2015;131(3):254-62
- ☐ Andrukhova O et al. Vitamin d as a regulator of endothelial nitric oxide synthase and arterial stiffness in mice. Mol Endocrinol. 2014;28(1): 53-64
- ☐ Banzato C et al. **Hypovitaminosis d and nocturnal hypertension in obese children: an interesting link**. J Hum Hypertens. 2013:1-7
- ☐ Min B. Effects of vitamin d on blood pressure and endothelial function. Korean J Physiol Pharmacol. 2013;17(5):285-92
- ☐ Pilz S et al. Vitamin D status and arterial hypertension: a systematic review . Nat Rev Cardiol. 2009;6 (10): 621-30

Still reasonable to Check a 25(OH) D level

☑ Supplement only if low (<32 ng/mL)-- for other health benefits

Acupuncture



- Longhurst J. **Acupuncture's Cardiovascular Actions: A Mechanistic Perspective**. Med Acupunct. **2013** ;25(2):101-113. Review.
- Li DZ... . Acupuncture for essential hypertension: a meta-analysis of randomized sham-controlled clinical trials. Evid Based Complement Alternat Med. 2014; **2014**:279478.
- Longhurst JC, Acupuncture regulation of blood pressure: two decades of research. Int Rev Neurobiol. **2013**;111:257-71
- Yin C et. al. Acupuncture, a promising adjunctive therapy for essential hypertension: a double-blind, randomized, controlled trial. Neurol Res. 2007;29 Suppl 1:S98-103
- Wang J. Acupuncture for essential hypertension. Int J Cardiol. 2013;169(5):317-26
- Lee H et. al. Acupuncture for lowering blood pressure: systematic review and metaanalysis. Am J Hypertens. 2009 22(1):122-8

"More rigorous trials are warranted....."

Hypertension: Supplements to watch for additional literature

- Coenzyme Q10 (C0Q10): A naturally occurring, fat soluble enzyme found in every cell in the body—an antioxidant involved in multiple cellular processes
- Rosenfeldt F, et al. Systematic review of effect of coenzyme Q10 in physical exercise, hypertension and heart failure. Biofactors. 2003;18(1-4):91-100. Review.
- Quercetin: An antioxidant flavanol found in apples berries and onions Edwards RL,. Et. al. Quercetin reduces blood pressure in hypertensive subjects. J Nutr. 2007 137(11):2405-11
- **Pycnogenol** (French maritime pine bark) Herb with antioxidant, anti-inflammatory and vasodilator properties; May augment the effect of a medication: 100 mg. daily for 12 weeks helped reduce the dose of nifedipine
- Liu X, et. al. Pycnogenol, French maritime pine bark extract, improves endothelial function of hypertensive patients. Life Sci. 2004;74(7):855-62
- Potassium supplementation... Judicious, monitored (?)

Rational Use of **Therapeutic Lifestyle Changes**

Is it too late....

by the time a **middle-aged** patient with **hypertension** arrives in the office ?

Turning Back the Clock: Adopting a Healthy Lifestyle in Middle Age

- 1. Fruits/Vegetables— 5 servings/day
- 2. Exercise— 2.5 hours/week (at least walking)
- 3. Weight Control –(BMI= 18.5—30.0)
- 4. No Smoking

Next 4 years:

Decreased mortality (2.5% vs. 4.2%)
Decreased cardiovascular Disease (11.7% vs. 16.5%)

Dana et. al. Am J Med. 2007; 120: 598-603

3. Upper Respiratory Infections

Offering a Patient Something Rationale
For Prevention or Treatment
Rather Than
the often unnecessary, inappropriate,
but requested antibiotic

Case #4: "I always get sick"

Reasonable Evidence for Preventing a URI

- ✓ Exercise-- Moderate daily
- √ Handwashing—also outside the hospital*
- Diet +/- multivitamin
- Green Tea Extract formulations
- Probiotics— growing literature
- Quercetin
- Vitamin D (if deficient)
- Vitamin C (special cases; doses)
- Zinc (oral, dissolving, may be effective)

Highest Hotel room microflora: TV Remote, Telephone, Alarm clock, Bathroom faucet, Thermostat, Ice bucket, Door handles, Bible

URI—Prevention: Quercetin

Dietary flavonol found in apples, onions, berries, black tea, leafy green vegetables and red grapes

Antioxidant, anti-inflammatory, antihistamine and antiviral properties.

Nieman DC et al. Quercetin reduces illness but not immune perturbations after intensive exercise. Med Sci Sports Exerc. 2007;39(9):1561-9

• Physically stressed cyclists were given **500 mg. bid**, they had significantly fewer upper respiratory tract infections despite no changes in several measures of immune function

Heinz SA. Quercetin supplementation and upper respiratory infection: A randomized community clinical trial. Oharmacol Res. 2010; 62(3):237-42

• A reduction in URI related sick days and severity noted in middle-aged and older subjects **taking 1000 mg/day** who rated themselves as physically fit

(Much of the literature = animal models or tissue culture)

URI—Prevention: Green Tea Extract

Randomized, controlled trial of a proprietary formulation

Two capsules daily—equivalent to drinking about 10 cups daily—for 3 months.

Significant decrease in the incidence of cold and flu illnesses and for those who became ill, a significant decrease in the number of days that subjects had symptoms. Interestingly, there was not a prolonged increase in certain T cell subsets or interferon levels, but there was a vigorously enhanced response of T cell function when there was an antigenic challenge.

Rowe CA, Nantz MP, Bukowski JF, Percival SS. **Specific formulation of Camellia sinensis** prevents cold and flu symptoms and enhances gamma, delta T cell function: a randomized, double-blind, placebocontrolled study. J Am Coll Nutr. 2007; 26(5):445-52

(There is an additional literature base on green tea and infection/inflammation, i.e:)

• Matsumoto K. Effects of green tea catechins and theanine on preventing influenza Infection among healthcare workers. BMC Complement Altern Med. 2011; Feb21

• Park M. Green tea consumption is inversely associated with the incidence of influenza Infection among school children in a tea plantation area of Japan. J Nutr.2011; 141(10)



Case # 5: "I am coming down with a cold; I need an antibiotic or something...now!"

- Herbal preparations: many claims
- Some have actually been tested and are especially effective when just becoming ill with a viral-type URI....rather than the often unnecessary, inappropriate, but requested antibiotic

Black Elderberry Extract (Sambucus nigra)

- Clinically: reduces symptoms when administered to patients with influenza
- Anthocyanins readily detected in bloodstream following ingestion
- May inhibit neuraminidase to roughly same degree as prescription meds
- Studied by mass spectrometry and molecular docking in cell culture and in clinical trials

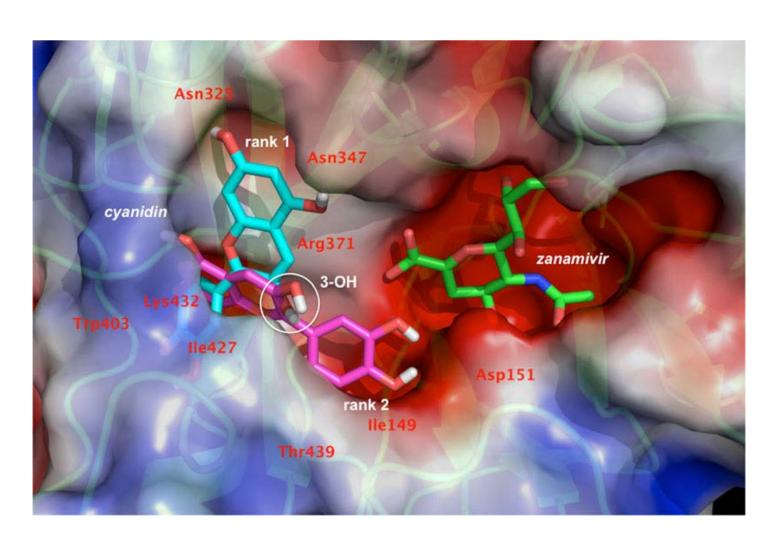
Black Elderberry: Literature

- Swaminathan K. Binding of a natural anthocyanin inhibitor to influenza neuraminidase by mass spectrometry. Anal Bioanl Chem. 2013;405(20) 6563-72
- Krawitz C. Inhibitory activity of a standardized elderberry liquid extract against clinically-relevant human respiratory bacterial pathogens and Influenza A and B viruses. 2011;25(11):16
- Barak V. The effect of Sambucol, a black elderberrybased, natural product, on the production of human cytokines: I. inflammatory cytokines. 2001;12(2): 290-6

Anthocyanin Binding and Inhibition of Influenza Neuraminidase

Anthocyanin (left) and zanamivir (right) docked onto the structure of influenza neuraminidase

Swaminathan 2013



Black Elderberry (Sambucus nigra)

One High Quality Extract



Directions

- Herbal dosing can be confusing based on whether crude herb, extract, standardization, etc.
- Can take equivalent of 3-5 grams of crude herb
 4x daily
- Follow Label for minimal effective dosing

SambucolTM

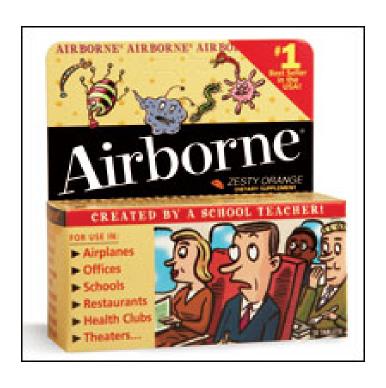
Contains 3.8 g Black Elderberry Extract per 10 ml Buy the "Original Formula" (center) Take Q.I.D.



Questionable Vitamin/Herbal products

- No study (or single study often by the manufacturer)
- Minimal or no scientific plausibility
- Pseudo-scientific extrapolations
- Minimal meaningful clinical result

Airborne TM



- Mixture of many vitamins, amino acids (lysine and glutamine) and 7 herbs (in very low doses)
- No clear evidence of efficacy
- Perhaps helps those very deficient in the vitamins provided (C, Zn, Se)

Oscillococcinum TM



- Homeopathic remedy tested against influenza-like illness
- 17.1% vs. 10.3% recovery w/in 48 hours*

*Ferley JP, et. al. A controlled evaluation of a homeopathic preparation in the treatment of influenza-like syndromes. Br J Clin Pharmacol. 1989;27:329-335

case # 6: "I am tired, burned-out, stressed and depressed...."

"I do not want, or tolerate or need an antidepressant...."

- ☑ Lifestyle changes
- **☑** Exercise
- ☑ Therapist

What else?

Rhodiola rosea

Adaptogen (non-medical term)

...A substance that can act to increase an organism's resistance to physical, chemical and biological stressors

Long history of use in Eastern Europe and Asia for:

- Combating stress-induced fatigue and depression ("burnout")
- Improvement of mental performance

Rhodiola rosea

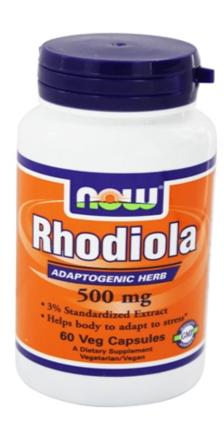
- Studies in humans and animals: Some support for the claims made at doses of 340 or 680 mg. of an extract known as SHR-5
- Effects can be seen after single dose
- May reach maximal benefit in two weeks.
- No significant adverse effects reported (theoretical risk of interaction with SSRI's)

- Hung SK, Perry R, Ernst E. The effectiveness and efficacy of rhodiola rosea L.: a systematic review of randomized clinical trials. Phytomedicine. 2011;18(4): 235-244
- Olsson EM et. al. A randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled, parallel-group study of the standardized extract shr-5 of the roots of Rhodiola rosea in the treatment of subjects with stress-related fatigue. Planta med. 2009;75(2): 105-12
- Darbinyan V et. al. Clinical trial of Rhodiola rosea L. extract SHR-5 in the treatment of mild to moderate depression. Nord J Psychiatry. 2007;61(5): 343-8

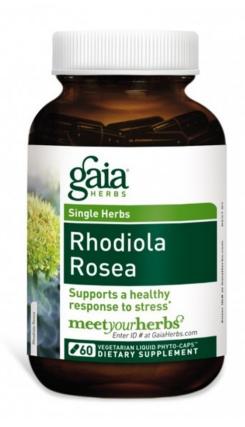
Rhodiola rosea

High Quality Manufacturers

NOW Foods



Gaia Herbs



For More Information: Look for these databases (often linked to Electronic Medical Records)

1. Natural Standard/ Natural Medicines Comprehensive Database

2. Micromedex/PDR (becomes *AltMedDex*® when you type in a nutraceutical)

Today's **Prepared Agenda**:

An Introduction to Integrative Medicine with a focus on the Rational Use of Dietary Supplements

1. A Rational Approach

- Long Latency vs. Short Latency deficiency syndromes
- Determining an Optimal dose —i.e. Vitamin D
- Case #1--Daily Multivitamins –helpful or harmful?
- Finding high quality supplements
- The herbal "Entourage Effect"
- 2. Useful Supplements for several common conditions
 - Case #2--Hyperlipidemia (Vit. D, Red Yeast Rice, Stanols/sterols, Nuts, DASH)
 - Case #3--Hypertension (Mg+, Tomato extract, Mind-Body, Acupuncture)
 - Case #4--URI's/ Influenza: "I always get sick" (Exercise, Quercetin, Green Tea)
 - Case #5--URI's/ Influenza: "What can I take?" (Black Elderberry)
 - Case #6—"I am tired, burned-out...stressed and depressed" (Rhodiola rosea)

Thank You for Listening!

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