HAS-BLED Anticoagulation Risk Assessment

		YES	NO
Н	Hypertension (SBP > 160)		
Α	Abnormalities in: 1. Renal (creatinine > 2mg/dl)		
	 2. Liver Disease (cirrhosis, bilirubin > 2 X ULN or LFTs/Alk-Phos > 3 x ULN 		
S	S troke (hemorrhagic, defined as a focal neurologic deficit of sudden onset, diagnosed by a neurologist, lasting > 24 h and caused by bleeding)		
В	B leeding history (any bleeding requiring hospitalization and/or causing a decrease in hemoglobin level of > 2 g/L and/or requiring blood transfusion)		
L	Labile INRs (<60% of the time in therapeutic range)		
E	Elderly (age > 65 years)		
D	Drugs, Concomitant Use with: 1. Antiplatelets or NSAIDs		
	2. Excessive Etoh (>8 drinks/ week)		
Low Risk: 0 selections Intermediate: 1-2 selections High Risk: >2 selections			

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