Smoking Cessation:Where are We Now?

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Primary Care Internal Medicine CME 2015

OVERVIEW

- The challenge for treatment
- US Public Health Service Clinical Guideline (2008)
- Newer evidence
 - Safety of varenicline
 - Combining drugs to improve success
 - Electronic cigarettes
- Treating Tobacco as a Chronic Disease

Take Home Message

Treat Tobacco Use Like a Chronic Disease

It needs long-term management and as much of your attention as treating hypertension and diabetes

WHY TREATING TOBACCO USE MATTERS

- #1 preventable cause of death in the U.S.
- Many people still smoke (18% in US, 15% in MA)
 - Especially people with less education, lower income, psychiatric illness, substance abuse
 - Patterns of tobacco use are changing

Many light smokers (<10 cig/day)

22% of cigarette smokers do not smoke every day

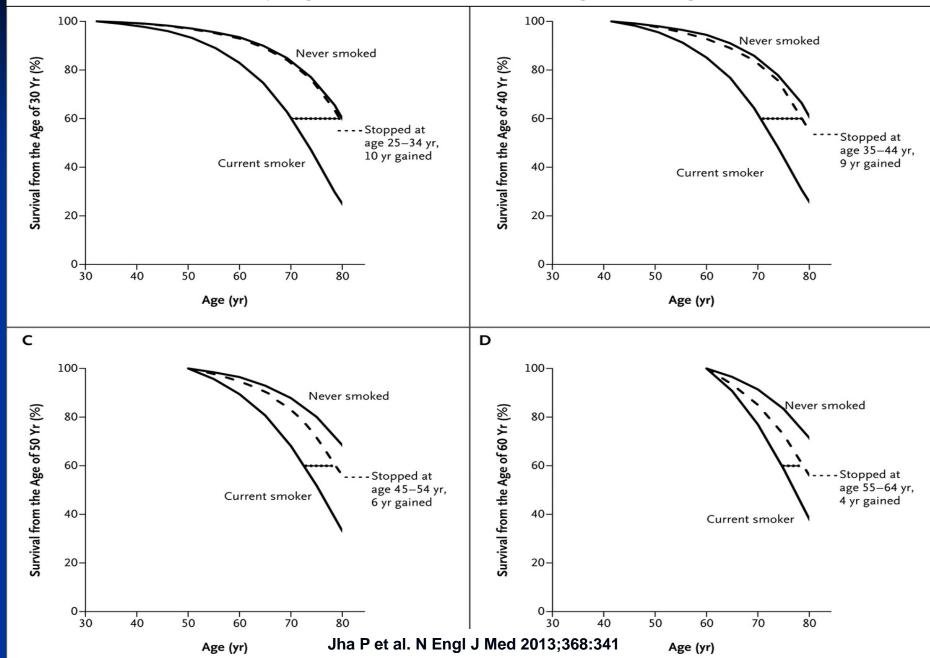
Small cigars, roll your own (cheaper than cigarettes)

Dual use (>1 type of product)

WHY TREATING TOBACCO USE MATTERS

- #1 preventable cause of death in the U.S.
- Many people still smoke
- Cessation reduces mortality

Effect of Smoking Cessation on Survival to 80 Years of Age, By Age at the Time of Quitting Smoking



WHY TREATING TOBACCO USE MATTERS

- #1 preventable cause of death in the U.S.
- Many people still smoke (18% of US adults)
- Cessation reduces mortality
 - After MI, smoking cessation → 36% ↓ in CVD mortality ¹
 - Even after age 65²
 - It's never too early or too late to quit

WHY TREATING TOBACCO USE MATTERS

- #1 preventable cause of death in the U.S.
- Many people still smoke (18% of US adults)
- Cessation reduces mortality
- Tobacco treatment delivered in practice works

A Case

- 55 yo man with HTN, BMI 30, depression (stable SSRI)
- Smokes 20 cigarettes/day since age 18
- "I know I should quit, but I've tried everything and nothing works."
- Used nicotine patch for 3 days → "I still wanted a cigarette"
- Used bupropion for 1 month → "I didn't want to smoke as much...cut down but couldn't quit"
- "What do you think about the electronic cigarette?"

QUESTIONS

- What's an electronic cigarette?
- Has he really tried everything?
- What are options for your next step?

QUITTING IN PERSPECTIVE

National Health Interview Survey - 2010

- 69% of current smokers want to quit
- 52% of smokers try to quit each year
- Few succeed long-term (quit for 1 year)
 - ~ 6% succeed without help
 - 25-30% succeed long-term with best treatment
 - Only 32% of those trying to quit seek help

THE CHALLENGE FOR TREATMENT

- We have effective treatments, but...
- We need better treatments
- We need to deliver the treatments we have to more smokers

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SMOKING CESSATION METHODS

2008 US Public Health Service Guideline

- Effective treatments exist
 - Counseling (individual / group / telephone)
 - Pharmacotherapy
 - Combination is better than either one alone

More is better but even brief intervention works

PHARMACOTHERAPY

1st Line - 2008 US Public Health Service Guideline

| Nicotine replacement | OR |
|-------------------------------------|-----|
| • Skin patch (OTC) | 1.9 |
| • Gum (OTC) | 1.5 |
| Lozenge (OTC) | 2.0 |
| Oral inhaler (Rx) | 2.1 |
| Nasal spray (Rx) | 2.3 |
| Bupropion SR (Zyban, Wellbutrin SR) | 2.0 |
| Varenicline (Chantix) | 3.1 |

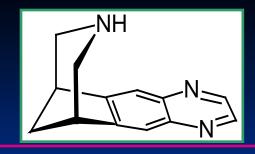
NICOTINE REPLACEMENT

- Goal = reduce nicotine withdrawal
- All products about equally effective
- FDA approved use NEW
 - Can combine NRT products
 - Don't stop NRT if you smoke
 - Use >12 wks? → Ask your doctor

BUPROPION SR

- Atypical antidepressant ↑ dopamine in CNS
- Increases cessation rate independent of its antidepressant effect
- Clinical use
 - Start 1 week before quit day (150 mg qd→bid)
 - Treat for 3-6 months
 - Increases seizure risk (Risk <0.1%)</p>
 - Blunts weight gain temporarily

VARENICLINE



- Partial agonist at α4β2 nicotinic receptor
 Receptor subtype that mediates nicotine dependence
- Dual mechanism of action
 - Partial agonist
 Stimulates receptor to treat craving, withdrawal
 - Antagonist
 Prevents nicotine from binding to the receptor →
 Blocks reward, reinforcement of smoking

VARENICLINE

Clinical use

- Start 1-4 weeks before quit day
- Dose ramps up over 1 week to avoid nausea (to 1 mg bid)
- Treat for 3-6 months
- Most common side effect nausea, vivid dreams
- Effective in smokers who are not ready to quit now
- Concern about adverse psychiatric effects

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FDA Public Health Advisory July 2009

- "[Varenicline] or [bupropion] has been associated with reports of changes in behavior such as hostility, agitation, depressed mood, and suicidal thoughts or actions."
- "FDA is requiring the manufacturers of both products to add a new **Boxed Warning**:

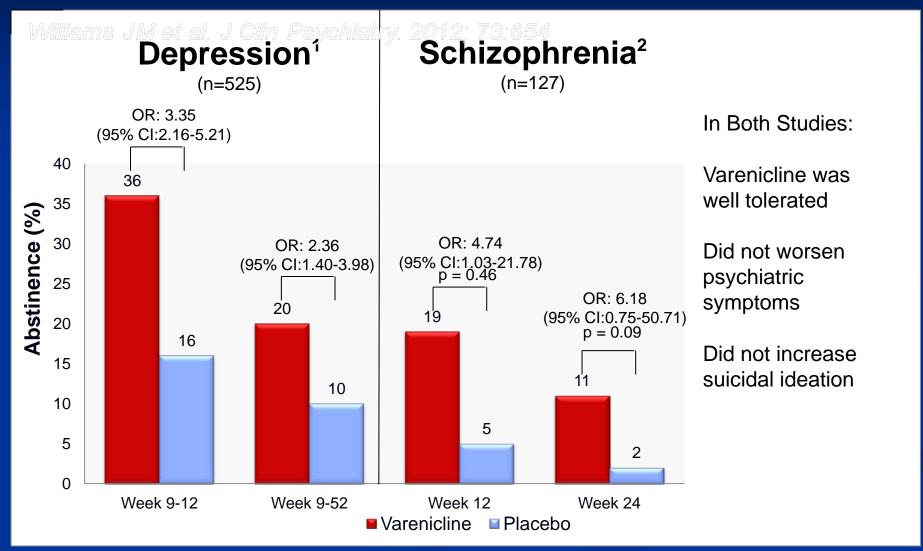
People whoexperience any serious and unusual changes in mood or behavior or who feel like hurting themselves or someone else should stop taking the medicine and call their healthcare professional right away."

The dilemma

- Stopping smoking produces nicotine withdrawal symptoms (depressed mood, anxiety, and irritability)
- When these symptoms occur in a smoker who is stopping smoking on varenicline, did the drug or did quitting smoking cause the symptom?
- Case reports cannot answer this question
- 2015 meta-analysis of 39 double-blind RCTs of varenicline → no excess of depression or suicidal thoughts (but few had patients with mental illness).*

*Thomas KH, BMJ 2015;350:h1109

Trials in patients with psychiatric co-morbidity



Observational Study (Thomas et al, BMJ 2013)

- UK Clinical Practice Research Datalink
 - Population based data: 5.4 million patients (8.5% of UK)
 - EHR data linked to UK mortality data and hospital data
- Patients starting smoking medication (9/06 10/11)
 - NRT *(n=81,545)*
 - Bupropion (n=6741)
 - Varenicline (n=31,260)
- Outcome: fatal and non-fatal self-harm (suicide), new antidepressant prescription over 3 months follow-up
- Result: No evidence of increased risk of suicidal outcomes for varenicline vs NRT, bupropion vs NRT

Population-based Observational Study (Molero et al, BMJ 2015)

- Entire population of Sweden over age 15 (~8 million)
 - 69,757 people prescribed varenicline from 2006-2009
 - Compared outcomes in them vs. rest of the population
- No difference in main outcomes
 - New psychiatric diagnoses
 - Suicidal behavior
 - Traffic accidents, criminal offenses
- Small increase
 - Anxiety (HR 1.23, 95% CI 1.01-1.51)
 - Depression (HR 1.31 (95% CI 1.06-1.63)
 - But only in those with pre-existing diagnoses

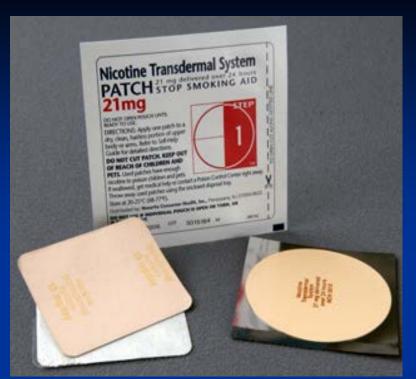
Bottom Line

- Varenicline may increase risk of psychiatric symptoms in some patients. The risk is not well defined.
- Prescribing any drug requires balancing risks and benefits.
 - Varenicline is one of the most effective drugs available to treat tobacco dependence
 - Continuing to smoke is clearly hazardous
- "The Agency continues to believe that the drug's benefits outweigh the risks."
- Bottom line: Patients given varenicline must be followed

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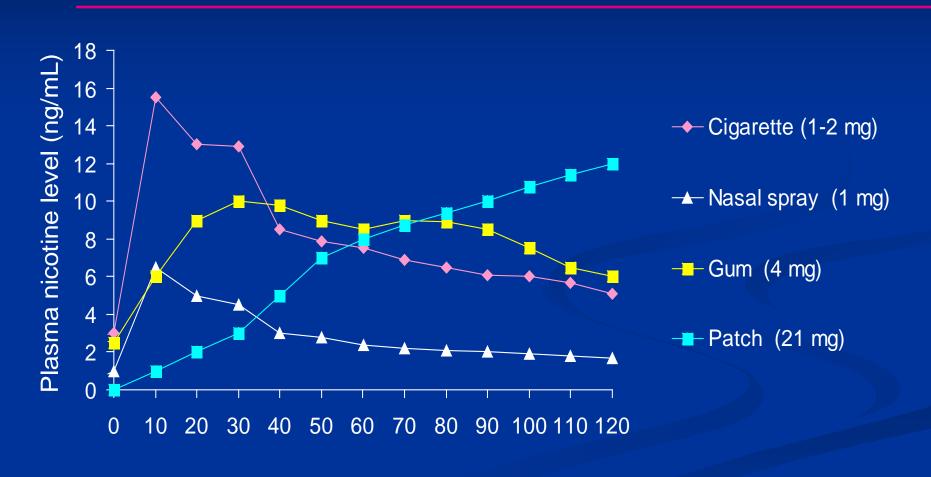






PLASMA NICOTINE LEVELS

Cigarettes vs. Nicotine Replacement Products



Time post administration (min)

NICOTINE REPLACEMENT

Long-acting, slow onset → skin patch

- Constant nicotine level to avoid withdrawal
- Simplest to use, best compliance
- User has no control of dose

Short-acting, faster onset

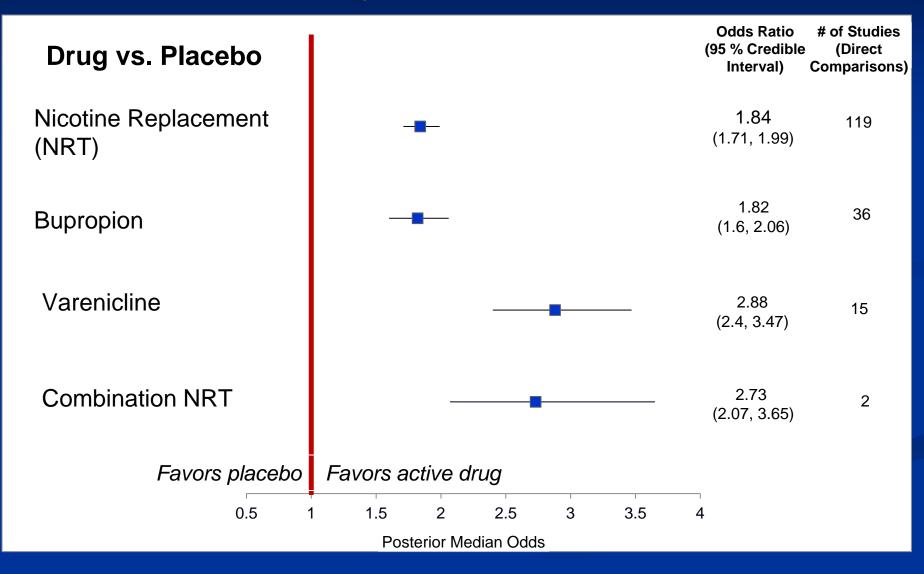
- → **oral** (gum, lozenge, inhaler)
- → nasal (spray)
- User controls dose
- Nicotine blood levels fluctuate more
- Requires more training to use properly

New Ways to Use NICOTINE REPLACEMENT

- Combine short- and long-acting forms¹
- Treat longer to prevent relapse¹
- Continue patch after a "slip" ²
- Start patch *before* quit day 2
- "Reduce to quit" (gradual reduction)

Current Pharmacotherapy Options

Cochrane meta-analysis, 2013 (JAMA. 2014;311:193-194)



Current Pharmacotherapy Options

Cochrane meta-analysis, 2013 (JAMA. 2014;311:193-194).

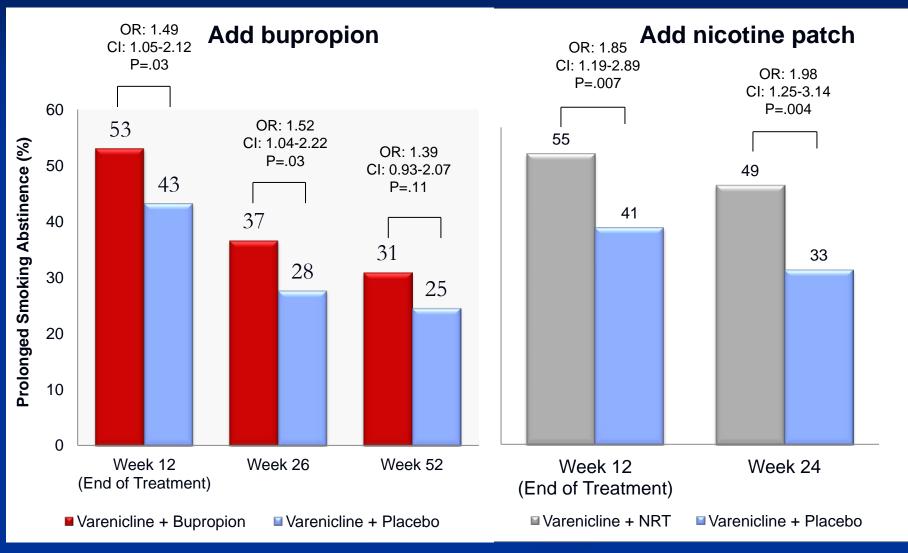
- All drugs > placebo
 - Single NRT, combination NRT, varenicline, bupropion
- Tier 1: Single NRTs, bupropion
- Tier 2: Varenicline, combination NRT
 - Varenicline ~ combination NRT? No direct trial evidence
- Is there a Tier 3?

Combining Drugs Across Classes

Is there a Tier 3?

- Does combining drugs of different classes improve quit rates?
- 2 placebo controlled randomized trials were published in 2014
 - Each started with varenicline
 - 1 added bupropion (vs. placebo)
 - 1 added nicotine patch (vs. placebo)

Adding Bupropion or NRT to Varenicline



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What is this woman doing?



No, she's not smoking a cigarette.

She's vaping.



A nicotine delivery device that looks like a cigarette

- Invented in China in 2003
- Rapid growth in US sales since ~ 2010
- Not FDA regulated as device or drug
- The products are evolving to look less like cigarettes



2nd generation devices



Many Questions, Few Answers

- How much nicotine do they actually deliver?
- Who is using them?
 - Current smokers >> exsmokers, rarely nonsmokers
- How many people are using them?
 - No good national data for adults.
 - Apparent rapid increase in prevalence, especially in 2013
- Why are they using them?
 - To quit smoking or reduce health risk
 - Use where they can't smoke cigarettes

Many Questions, Few Answers

- They should be less harmful cigarettes that burn tobacco, but are they harmless?
 - What else is in the heated vapor?
- Will they help people stop smoking?
 - 1 randomized controlled trial so far *
 - E-cig vs. nicotine patch in smokers who wanted to quit
 - Both treatments had similar low quit rates
- If not, will they be harm reduction products?
 - Is long-term e-cig use or or "dual use" less risky?

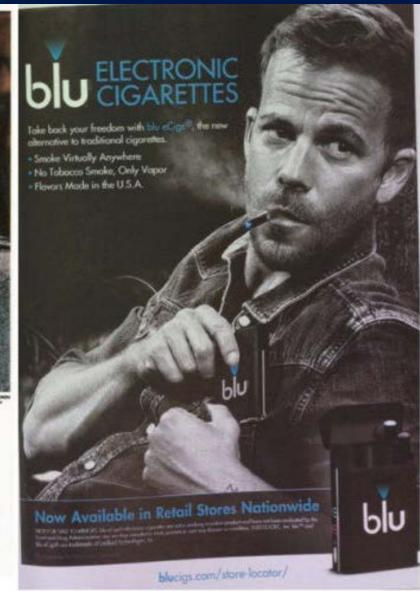
Public Health Concerns

Will they appeal to youth, who transition to cigarettes? "Gateway hypothesis"

What's Your Taste?

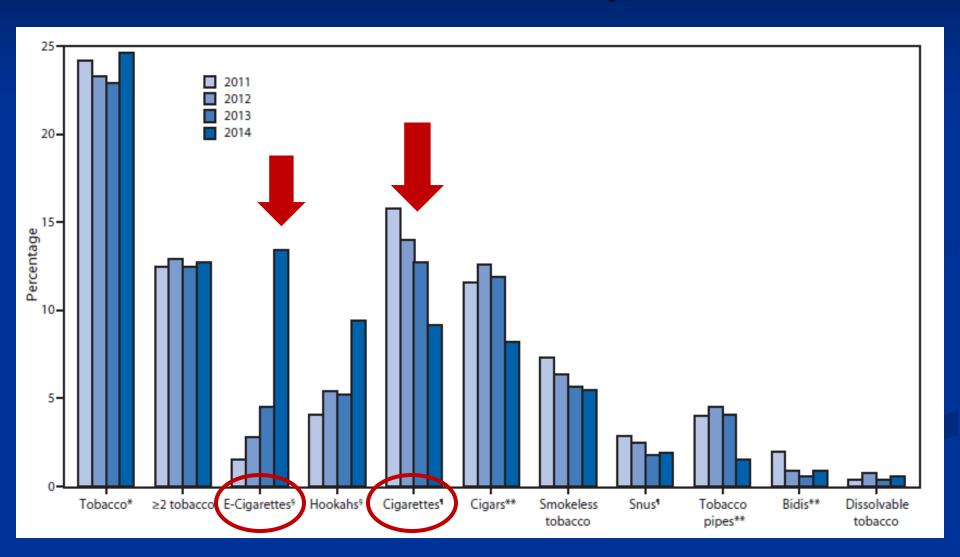






Past 30 day tobacco product use by high school students

U.S. National Youth Tobacco Survey, 2011–2014



Public Health Concerns

- Will they appeal to youth, who transition to cigarettes?
- Will their use undermine no-smoking norms?
 - Should they be allowed where smoking is prohibited?



ww.dailymail.co.uk/tvshowbiz/article-2538725/Leonardo-DiCaprio-Julie-Louis-Dreyfus-puff-away-INSIDE-Golden-Globes-legal-electronic-cigarettes.html

Public Health Concerns

- Will they appeal to youth, who transition to cigarettes?
- Will their use undermine no-smoking norms?
 - Should they be allowed where smoking is prohibited?
- Will they distract smokers who could quit from doing so?

WHY QUIT? SWITCH TO BLU

blu is the smart choice for smokers wanting a change. Take back your freedom to smoke when and where you want without ash or smell. blu is everything you enjoy about smoking and nothing else.

Nobody likes a quitter, so make the switch today.

Visit **blu**cigs.com



* New blu Smart Pack

Public Health Concerns

- Will they appeal to youth, who transition to cigarettes?
- Will their use undermine no-smoking norms?
 - Should they be allowed where smoking is prohibited?
- Will they distract smokers who could quit from doing so?
- Is the nicotine in e-cigs a poison risk for young children?
- Could products be adapted to deliver other drugs?

The bottom line

- E-cigarettes are a "disruptive technology" *
- Will they be a net public health benefit or harm?
- Research to answer the question is needed
 - Long-term effects on health
 - Efficacy as a cessation tool
 - Monitor patterns of use nationally
- FDA regulations are urgently needed

Question for you

- Should you recommend them to smokers?
 - Many unanswered questions about safety, efficacy for quitting
 - Tell smokers that they are not FDA approved
 - Probably less harmful than combustible cigarettes
 - Recommend trying "clean nicotine" first
 - Don't recommend but don't discourage if smokers insist
- Do not permit use in hospitals or health care facilities

 E-cig use is not permitted at MGH

Consistent with American Heart Association guideline, Circulation, Aug. 26, 2014

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TREATING TOBACCO IN HEALTH CARE

2008 U.S. Public Health Service Guidelines – 5A's

- Routine advice to quit is effective
- Brief counseling is more effective

ASK

ADVISE

ASSESS

ASSIST

ARRANGE

all patients about smoking

all smokers to quit

smoker's readiness to quit

smokers to quit

follow-up care

MOVING BEYOND THE 5A MODEL

- The model of ambulatory practice is changing
 - A team effort
 - Create a system of care
 - Embed it into routine practice flow
 - Link to resources outside the office

TREATING TOBACCO IN THE OFFICE

U.S. Public Health Service Guidelines – 5A's

ASK

Done by office staff (vital sign)

ADVISE

Core clinician role

ASSESS

ASSIST

Fax / email referral to Quitline

ARRANGE

or health system resource

ASK

About smoking "Do you ever smoke cigarettes?"

"Meaningful use" of electronic health records requires smoking status documentation

Select Response:

- Never smoker
- Current every day smoker
- Current some day smoker
- Former smoker
- Smoker, current status unknown
- Unknown, if ever smoked

About secondhand smoke exposure

A NEWER WAY TO 'ASSESS'

- Don't ask a if a smoker is ready to quit
- Just offer treatment
 - "Quitting smoking can be hard, but there is good treatment and I can help you. Would you like to try?"

REFERRAL RESOURCES

- Telephone Quitline
 - Proactive multisession counseling
 - Convenient, private, free
 - 1-800-QUIT NOW
- Text messaging

 http://smokefree.gov/smokefreetxt
- Websites (www.trytostop.org)
- Smartphone apps

QUITWORKS system

Staff fax referral form to Quit line

Quit line calls smoker to offer counseling + NRT

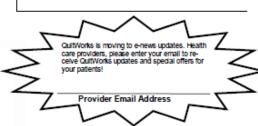
Quit line gives doctor feedback on patient

QUITWORKS

A Service of the Massachusetts Smokers' Helpline

In Collaboration with the Massachusetts Department of Public Health and Massachusetts Health Plans

- If a patient is interested in quitting smoking, fill out this form with them.
- Fax completed form to 1-866-560-9113.
- The Massachusetts Smokers' Helpline will contact the patient, offer free cessation services, and send feedback reports to the provider listed below.
- This program is free for all Massachusetts residents regardless of insurance status
- Important: Hospitals Refer at Discharge



Patient Stamp, Label or Info (Name, Record Number/DOB, Date)

Massachusetts Referral Form

| | | | | Are you 18 | ☐ Yes ☐ No |
|---|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| First Name | | Last Name | | or older? | _ |
| Mailing Address | | | City | State | Zip |
| () | | | | | |
| Phone Number | | | | | |
| When should we call? (| check all that appl | y) 🗆 Morr | ning Afternoon | ☐ Evening ☐ | No preference |
| Language Preference: | English | Spanish | Other (specify) | | |
| May we leave a messag | ge? 🔲 Yes | □ No | | | |
| Primary Insurance of Tobacco User: | ☐ Blue Cross Blue | ue Shield MA | ■ Tufts Health Plan | Plan Harvard Pilgrim | |
| | ■ MassHealth/M | edicaid | □ Other | ☐ None | |
| D. F. at O. at an | | | | Date | |
| Patient Signature | | | | Date | |
| Health Care Prov | riders: Compl | ete this sec | tion | | |
| Referring | | | | <u>() </u> | |
| | | | | Phone Numbe | r |
| Provider: | | | | | |
| Facility: | | | | () | |
| | | | | Fax Number | |
| Facility: Address: Send feedback report t | | | | Fax Number | |
| Address: Send feedback report to Same as | | | | Fax Number | |
| Address: Send feedback report to Same as above or | | | | Fax Number | nber |
| Address: Send feedback report to Same as above or PEDIATRICS ONLY: | to: Name | | Phone Number | Fax Nur | nber |
| Address: Send feedback report to Same as above or | to: Name | | | Fax Nur | nber |

This form can be downloaded from WWW.QUITWORKS.ORG

Fax this form toll-free to 1-866-560-9113

MEDICATION COVERAGE BY HEALTH INSURERS

Massachusetts

Medicaid – <u>all</u> FDA-approved meds!

Even OTC nicotine gum, patch, lozenge Requires prescription but no prior approval

Private insurance

Most cover Rx only but that will be changing

A Case: Revisited

- What's an electronic cigarette?
- Has he really tried everything?
 - NRT at adequate dose or in combination
 - Bupropion + NRT
 - Varenicline (if psychiatric status stable)
 - Behavioral support key to bolster self-confidence

Candidate for lung cancer CT screening

SUMMARY

- Treating smoking = chronic disease management
- Use combinations

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Drugs + counseling
Combine drugs
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- Use the systems being built to help you Quitline (1-800-QUIT NOW)

 QuitWorks fax referral system
- Keep trying
- New harm reduction products are here to stay